

## 1,4-Diazoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane hexaaquamagnesium bis(sulfate)

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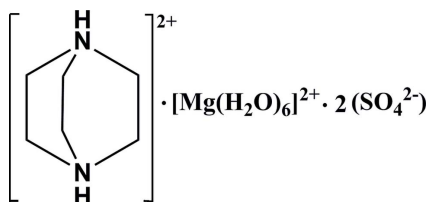
Received 29 January 2011; accepted 14 February 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.065;  $wR$  factor = 0.169; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.4.

In the title compound,  $(\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)[\text{Mg}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6](\text{SO}_4)_2$ , the  $\text{Mg}^{\text{II}}$  ion, lying on an inversion center, is coordinated by six water molecules in a slightly distorted octahedral geometry. The 1,4-diazoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane cation is located about a twofold rotation axis. Intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds link the cations and the anions into a three-dimensional network.

### Related literature

For the properties and applications of amide salt compounds, see: Fu *et al.* (2007, 2008, 2009); Fu & Xiong (2008).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$(\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)[\text{Mg}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6](\text{SO}_4)_2$   
 $M_r = 438.74$   
 Monoclinic,  $C2/c$   
 $a = 14.968$  (3) Å  
 $b = 9.1860$  (18) Å  
 $c = 14.334$  (3) Å  
 $\beta = 117.12$  (3)°  
 $V = 1754.2$  (8) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.41$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  K  
 $0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.20$  mm

#### Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini CCD diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)  
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.89$ ,  $T_{\text{max}} = 0.95$   
 8747 measured reflections  
 2014 independent reflections  
 1839 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.065$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.169$   
 $S = 1.26$   
 2014 reflections  
 116 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.08$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.91	1.87	2.734 (3)	157
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1WA}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.85	1.90	2.751 (3)	179
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1WB}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.85	2.01	2.835 (3)	165
$\text{O2W}-\text{H2WA}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.85	2.00	2.809 (3)	158
$\text{O2W}-\text{H2WB}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.85	1.83	2.674 (3)	173
$\text{O3W}-\text{H3WA}\cdots\text{O4}^{\text{iv}}$	0.85	1.85	2.694 (3)	170
$\text{O3W}-\text{H3WB}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.85	1.92	2.769 (3)	177

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$ ; (ii)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iv)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$ .

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

This work was supported by a start-up grant from Southeast University, China.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HY2403).

### References

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 Fu, D.-W., Song, Y.-M., Wang, G.-X., Ye, Q., Xiong, R.-G., Akutagawa, T., Nakamura, T., Chan, P. W. H. & Huang, S. D. (2007). *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **129**, 5346–5347.  
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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, m344 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536811005368 ]

## 1,4-Diazoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane hexaaquamagnesium bis(sulfate)

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### Comment

Salts of amide have attracted more attention as phase transition dielectric materials for their applications in micro-electronics and memory storage (Fu *et al.*, 2007, 2008, 2009; Fu & Xiong, 2008). With the purpose of obtaining phase transition crystals, the interactions of 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane with various metal ions have been studied and we have elaborated a series of new materials with this organic molecule. In this paper, we describe the crystal structure of the title compound.

The asymmetric unit is composed of an  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  anion, half 1,4-diazoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane cation and half  $[\text{Mg}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$  cation. (Fig. 1). The  $\text{Mg}^{\text{II}}$  ion, lying on an inversion center, is in a slightly distorted octahedral geometry formed by six O atoms from the water molecules. The  $[\text{Mg}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$  cation possesses typical Mg—O bond lengths [2.035 (2)–2.086 (2) Å], while the O—Mg—O bond angles [88.90 (8)–91.86 (9)°] indicating some distortion from a regular octahedron.

In the crystal, the interionic hydrogen bonds are formed by all H atoms of the water molecules and the amine groups with all O atoms of the  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  anion and its symmetric equivalents (Table 1). The complex cations  $[\text{Mg}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$  and  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  anions are linked through O—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds into a three-dimensional network, indicating that  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  anion is a good hydrogen-bonding acceptor. In addition, the amino cations are hydrogen bonded to the  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  anions through N—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds, which play an important role in stabilizing the crystal structure (Fig. 2).

### Experimental

Commercial 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane (3 mmol),  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  (3 mmol) and  $\text{MgSO}_4$  (3 mmol) were dissolved in water. The solvent was slowly evaporated in air, affording colorless block-shaped crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray analysis.

The permittivity measurement shows that there is no phase transition within the temperature range from 100 to 400 K, while the permittivity is 10.2 at 1 MHz at room temperature.

### Refinement

H atoms attached to C and N atoms were positioned geometrically and treated as riding, with C—H = 0.97 and N—H = 0.91 Å and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$ . H atoms of water molecules were located in difference Fourier maps and refined as riding atoms, with O—H = 0.85 Å and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$ . The highest residual electron density was found at 1.18 Å from H1B atom and the deepest hole at 1.42 Å from C2 atom.

## Figures

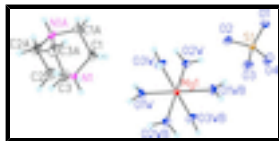


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. [Symmetry codes: (A)  $-x, y, 0.5-z$ ; (B)  $0.5-x, 0.5-y, -z$ .]

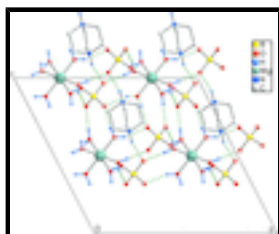


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of the title compound, showing the three-dimensional hydrogen-bonded network. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds (dashed lines) have been omitted for clarity.

## 1,4-Diazoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane hexaaquamagnesium bis(sulfate)

### Crystal data

$(C_6H_{14}N_2)[Mg(H_2O)_6](SO_4)_2$

$M_r = 438.74$

Monoclinic,  $C2/c$

Hall symbol:  $-C\ 2yc$

$a = 14.968\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 9.1860\ (18)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 14.334\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 117.12\ (3)^\circ$

$V = 1754.2\ (8)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 928$

$D_x = 1.661\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 2014 reflections

$\theta = 3.1\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.41\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\ \text{K}$

Block, colorless

$0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.20\ \text{mm}$

### Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
graphite

Detector resolution:  $13.6612\ \text{pixels mm}^{-1}$

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.89$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.95$

8747 measured reflections

2014 independent reflections

1839 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.1^\circ$

$h = -19 \rightarrow 19$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.065$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.169$$

$$S = 1.26$$

2014 reflections

116 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0899P)^2 + 2.4679P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.08 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Extinction correction: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008),

$$F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001 \times F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$$

Extinction coefficient: 0.045 (4)

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.61852 (4)	0.24340 (6)	0.11814 (4)	0.0233 (3)
O1W	0.17086 (15)	0.3991 (2)	0.04379 (17)	0.0371 (5)
H1WA	0.1091	0.3776	0.0197	0.056*
H1WB	0.1876	0.4636	0.0913	0.056*
Mg1	0.2500	0.2500	0.0000	0.0216 (3)
O2W	0.37984 (14)	0.3255 (2)	0.11889 (15)	0.0352 (5)
H2WA	0.4372	0.3244	0.1203	0.053*
H2WB	0.3855	0.3321	0.1805	0.053*
O1	0.68789 (16)	0.1296 (2)	0.18242 (15)	0.0383 (5)
O3W	0.23727 (17)	0.1023 (2)	0.10262 (15)	0.0397 (5)
H3WA	0.2082	0.0203	0.0839	0.059*
H3WB	0.2606	0.1142	0.1684	0.059*
O2	0.58702 (19)	0.3346 (3)	0.18142 (17)	0.0490 (7)
N1	-0.02189 (19)	0.2779 (3)	0.15657 (17)	0.0352 (6)
H1	-0.0387	0.2783	0.0870	0.042*
O3	0.52895 (16)	0.1720 (3)	0.03471 (16)	0.0450 (6)
O4	0.66399 (19)	0.3290 (2)	0.06522 (19)	0.0472 (6)
C1	0.0764 (3)	0.2074 (5)	0.2138 (3)	0.0538 (9)
H1B	0.1276	0.2641	0.2066	0.065*
H1C	0.0748	0.1110	0.1855	0.065*
C2	-0.1004 (3)	0.1967 (5)	0.1718 (3)	0.0569 (10)
H2A	-0.1012	0.0955	0.1522	0.068*
H2B	-0.1660	0.2382	0.1283	0.068*
C3	-0.0189 (4)	0.4288 (4)	0.1915 (3)	0.0575 (10)
H3A	-0.0855	0.4713	0.1572	0.069*
H3B	0.0254	0.4863	0.1734	0.069*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0256 (4)	0.0261 (4)	0.0189 (4)	-0.0006 (2)	0.0108 (3)	-0.00084 (19)
O1W	0.0286 (10)	0.0394 (11)	0.0437 (11)	-0.0001 (8)	0.0166 (9)	-0.0157 (9)
Mg1	0.0226 (6)	0.0232 (6)	0.0179 (6)	0.0001 (4)	0.0085 (5)	-0.0008 (4)

## supplementary materials

O2W	0.0254 (9)	0.0532 (13)	0.0245 (9)	-0.0056 (8)	0.0091 (8)	-0.0064 (8)
O1	0.0425 (11)	0.0411 (11)	0.0247 (9)	0.0132 (9)	0.0095 (8)	0.0013 (8)
O3W	0.0609 (14)	0.0335 (11)	0.0253 (10)	-0.0144 (9)	0.0203 (10)	-0.0001 (8)
O2	0.0632 (15)	0.0555 (15)	0.0317 (11)	0.0207 (12)	0.0247 (11)	-0.0024 (10)
N1	0.0370 (13)	0.0521 (15)	0.0166 (10)	0.0083 (11)	0.0122 (10)	0.0022 (9)
O3	0.0314 (11)	0.0643 (16)	0.0304 (11)	-0.0149 (10)	0.0064 (9)	-0.0022 (10)
O4	0.0637 (15)	0.0410 (13)	0.0503 (13)	-0.0170 (11)	0.0378 (13)	-0.0022 (10)
C1	0.052 (2)	0.073 (2)	0.0464 (19)	0.0296 (18)	0.0312 (17)	0.0097 (18)
C2	0.0463 (19)	0.078 (3)	0.0433 (19)	-0.0272 (19)	0.0174 (15)	-0.0236 (18)
C3	0.080 (3)	0.0389 (18)	0.064 (2)	0.0159 (17)	0.042 (2)	0.0226 (16)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

S1—O4	1.458 (2)	O3W—H3WB	0.8502
S1—O2	1.462 (2)	N1—C3	1.467 (5)
S1—O1	1.466 (2)	N1—C1	1.469 (4)
S1—O3	1.482 (2)	N1—C2	1.490 (5)
O1W—Mg1	2.0856 (19)	N1—H1	0.9100
O1W—H1WA	0.8502	C1—C2 <sup>ii</sup>	1.513 (5)
O1W—H1WB	0.8500	C1—H1B	0.9700
Mg1—O2W	2.035 (2)	C1—H1C	0.9700
Mg1—O2W <sup>i</sup>	2.035 (2)	C2—C1 <sup>ii</sup>	1.513 (5)
Mg1—O3W <sup>i</sup>	2.0728 (19)	C2—H2A	0.9700
Mg1—O3W	2.0728 (19)	C2—H2B	0.9700
Mg1—O1W <sup>i</sup>	2.0856 (19)	C3—C3 <sup>ii</sup>	1.506 (8)
O2W—H2WA	0.8499	C3—H3A	0.9700
O2W—H2WB	0.8502	C3—H3B	0.9700
O3W—H3WA	0.8499		
O4—S1—O2	111.89 (16)	Mg1—O3W—H3WA	123.8
O4—S1—O1	110.28 (14)	Mg1—O3W—H3WB	125.4
O2—S1—O1	110.80 (12)	H3WA—O3W—H3WB	110.9
O4—S1—O3	106.49 (14)	C3—N1—C1	111.0 (3)
O2—S1—O3	109.00 (14)	C3—N1—C2	109.1 (3)
O1—S1—O3	108.21 (14)	C1—N1—C2	110.7 (3)
Mg1—O1W—H1WA	112.8	C3—N1—H1	108.7
Mg1—O1W—H1WB	134.3	C1—N1—H1	108.7
H1WA—O1W—H1WB	110.8	C2—N1—H1	108.7
O2W—Mg1—O2W <sup>i</sup>	180.00 (17)	N1—C1—C2 <sup>ii</sup>	108.5 (3)
O2W—Mg1—O3W <sup>i</sup>	90.55 (9)	N1—C1—H1B	110.0
O2W <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O3W <sup>i</sup>	89.45 (9)	C2 <sup>ii</sup> —C1—H1B	110.0
O2W—Mg1—O3W	89.45 (9)	N1—C1—H1C	110.0
O2W <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O3W	90.55 (9)	C2 <sup>ii</sup> —C1—H1C	110.0
O3W <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O3W	180.00 (13)	H1B—C1—H1C	108.4
O2W—Mg1—O1W <sup>i</sup>	91.10 (8)	N1—C2—C1 <sup>ii</sup>	108.2 (3)
O2W <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O1W <sup>i</sup>	88.90 (8)	N1—C2—H2A	110.1
O3W <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O1W <sup>i</sup>	88.14 (9)	C1 <sup>ii</sup> —C2—H2A	110.1

O3W—Mg1—O1W <sup>i</sup>	91.86 (9)	N1—C2—H2B	110.1
O2W—Mg1—O1W	88.90 (8)	C1 <sup>ii</sup> —C2—H2B	110.1
O2W <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O1W	91.10 (8)	H2A—C2—H2B	108.4
O3W <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O1W	91.86 (9)	N1—C3—C3 <sup>ii</sup>	108.51 (18)
O3W—Mg1—O1W	88.14 (9)	N1—C3—H3A	110.0
O1W <sup>i</sup> —Mg1—O1W	180.00 (10)	C3 <sup>ii</sup> —C3—H3A	110.0
Mg1—O2W—H2WA	125.8	N1—C3—H3B	110.0
Mg1—O2W—H2WB	119.9	C3 <sup>ii</sup> —C3—H3B	110.0
H2WA—O2W—H2WB	110.8	H3A—C3—H3B	108.4
C3—N1—C1—C2 <sup>ii</sup>	64.8 (4)	C1—N1—C2—C1 <sup>ii</sup>	65.4 (4)
C2—N1—C1—C2 <sup>ii</sup>	-56.5 (4)	C1—N1—C3—C3 <sup>ii</sup>	-55.0 (5)
C3—N1—C2—C1 <sup>ii</sup>	-57.0 (5)	C2—N1—C3—C3 <sup>ii</sup>	67.3 (5)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x, y, -z+1/2$ .

*Hydrogen-bond geometry* ( $\text{\AA}, ^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1 $\cdots$ O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.91	1.87	2.734 (3)	157
O1W—H1WA $\cdots$ O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.85	1.90	2.751 (3)	179
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O3W—H3WA $\cdots$ O4 <sup>v</sup>	0.85	1.85	2.694 (3)	170
O3W—H3WB $\cdots$ O1 <sup>iv</sup>	0.85	1.92	2.769 (3)	177

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z$ ; (iii)  $x-1/2, y+1/2, z$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, y, -z+1/2$ ; (v)  $x-1/2, y-1/2, z$ .

Fig. 1

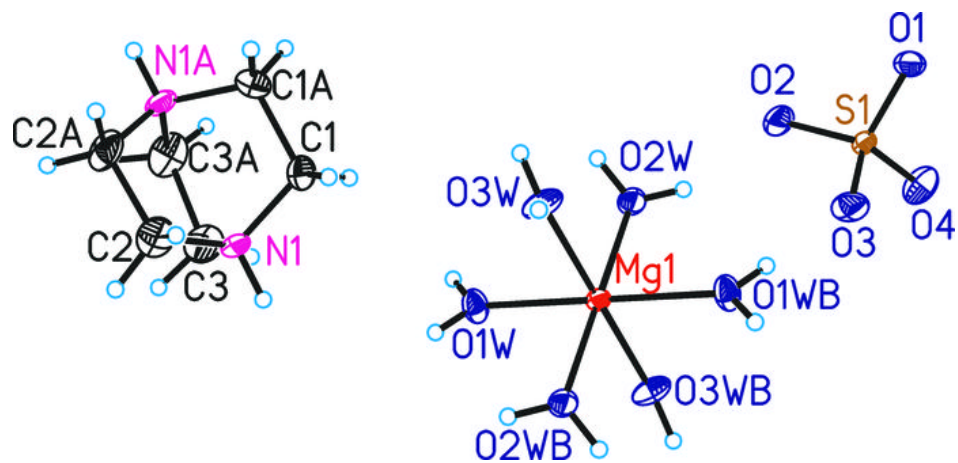




Fig. 2

